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Saltron Retro

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INTRODUCTION

The Saltron produces a pure form of chlorine by electrolysis of salt (NaCl) in order to sanitize your pool water. After the salt is converted to Chlorine and the bacteria are killed, the chlorine converts back to salt and this process is ongoing. The salt concentration used is very low (less then that in a human tear). Chlorine can be easily destroyed by ultraviolet light from the sun so it is always a good idea to run the Saltron as much as possible during the night hours along with the pool pump system. That way the chlorine generated is not immediately destroyed by the sun rays. The chlorine level in your pool can be checked by using a standard chlorine test kit.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING: To reduce the risk of injury or electric shock, do not allow children to use this product.

WARNING: Power supply should be installed in a shaded area to protect the transformer from direct sunlight.

WARNING: Do not connect the power supply unit to AC power until the installation is complete.

WARNING: Disconnect the power supply from the outlet when not in use.

WARNING: Do not operate with a damaged cord or power supply.

WARNING: To avoid risk of electrical shock, do not put the power supply in the water.

WARNING: Use of extension cords can result in death or injury.

WARNING: Make sure the power supply is unplugged from the wall when cleaning/servicing the cell assembly.

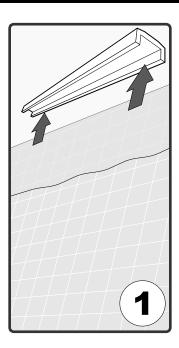
WARNING: The sole purpose of this product is for use as a chlorine generator as described in this manual; any modification or other use will void the warranty.

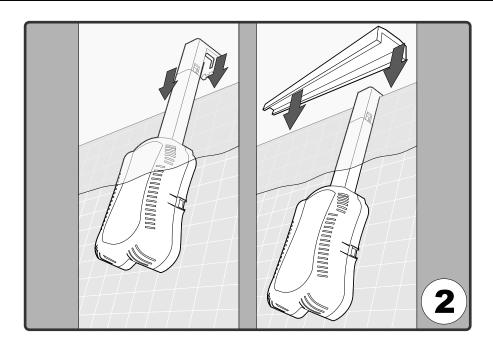
WARNING: Never open the power supply for any reason. Failure to comply will result in loss of warranty.

INSTALLATION

- 1. The pool chemistry must be balanced before installing the Saltron in the swimming pool.
- 2. Locate an area of the pool which has an easy access to a GFCI socket. This product will work best if installed in close proximity to the pool return, which is an outlet where water is returned to the pool after going through the filter system.
- 3. For above-ground pool installation, remove screws and caps securing the top ledge of the pool in the desired area (Fig.1)

Hang the Saltron on to the ledge and tighten the bracket screw to secure. Re-attach the cap to the pool ledge. (Fig.2)





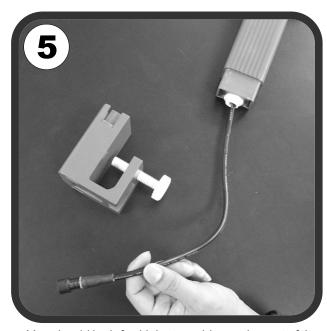
4. **For In-ground pool installation**, the upper hanger (above-ground) 1 should be replaced with the upper hanger (in-ground) 2 using the following steps:



a. Press in the tabs and separate the upper hanger from the lower bracket(Fig.3).

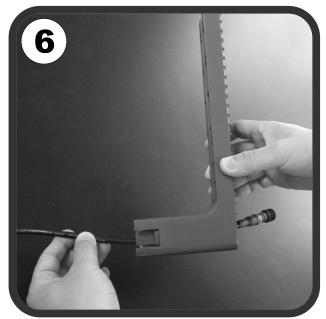


b. Pull the cable assembly through the hole (Fig.4).

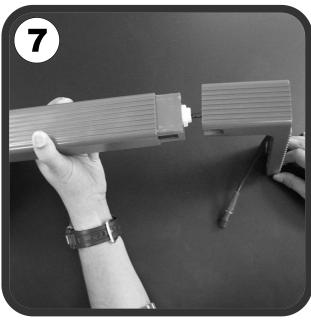


c. You should be left with just a cable coming out of the lower hanger (Fig.5).

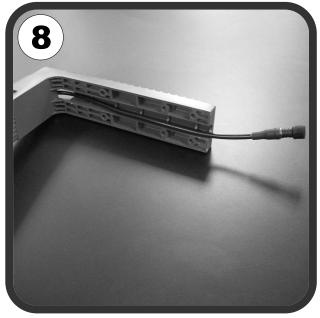
Secure the supplied upper hanger onto the lower hanger using the following steps:



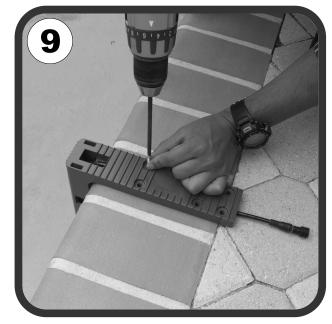
a. Pull the cable up through the middle hole of the upper hanger IG (Fig.6).



b. Snap the upper hanger IG onto the lower hanger (Fig.7).

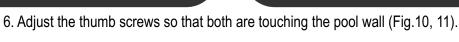


c. Loop the cable through the upper hanger hole and under the assembly (Fig.8).

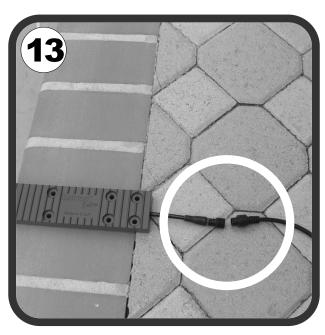


5. Affix the upper hanger directly on the pool edge using hardware kit provided (Fig.9).









- 7. Affix the power supply to a wall or a post near the pool in a shaded area (Fig.12).
- 8. Connect the cell cable connector securely into the power supply cable connector (Fig.13).
- 9. Plug power supply into the GFCI socket.
- 10. Bubbles will rise from the unit in the water and a white milky cloud may be observed. This is absolutely normal and no special attention is needed.
- 11. The unit will default to 20 hours of chlorination per day and the green LED should be illuminated. If the HIGH or LOW SALT LED is illuminated, please refer to the troubleshooting section of this manual.
- 12.Leave the unit on its default setting for a few days and monitor the chlorine level each day. To adjust the chlorine setting on the Saltron, refer to the Chlorine Adjustment section of this manual.

The Saltron system is designed to automatically generate the chlorine for your pool. It is very important to note that chlorine is just one component of your pool chemistry. Please make sure your pool meets the optimum chemistry levels in the following Pool Chemistry Chart. Test your water weekly or take a water sample to your nearest pool store. Maintaining these levels will maximize the life of this product. Be sure to inform the pool professional that you are using a chlorine generator.

Pool Chemistry Chart							
FACTORS EFFECTING POOL CHEMISTRY	PREFERRED LEVELS						
1 Salt	3000 to 4000 ppm						
2 PH	7.2 to 7.6						
3 Free Chlorine	1 to 3 ppm						
4 Total Alkalinity	80 to 120 ppm based on the Saturation Index						
5 Cyanuric Acid	60 - 80 ppm						
6 Saturation Index	0 ± 0.3						
7 Phosphates	0 ppm						
8 Nitrates	0 ppm						
9 Metals	0 ppm						
10 Calcium Hardness	Depends on the pool finish						

CHLORINE ADJUSTMENT

After everything is setup, the display will show you a default screen with the current hours of operation per day. You may change this setting anytime by holding down the for 3 seconds straight. The display will flash indicating it is now ready for time setting changes. In order to determine the proper chlorine timer setting for your pool, measure the free chlorine level every couple of days during the first few weeks. Adjust the timer accordingly to achieve 1.0-3.0 PPM of Free Chlorine. It is advised to check the chlorine level at least once a week to make sure the pool is properly sanitized. Weather, bather load, and sunlight have a major influence on the chlorine demand of the pool.

Note: If the pool has reached an undesirable amount of chlorine, it is recommended to unplug the Saltron power supply from the GFCI socket. Check chlorine levels each day until the desired level is achieved. Plug the power supply back into the GFCI socket once the chlorine level is within the desired limit.

SALT REQUIREMENT

The best salt is a food-quality granulated salt, a 99.9% pure salt or solar salt. These types of salt should be purchased from a pool store and are designed for use with chlorine generators.

Do not use rock salt, iodized salt or salt with anti-caking additives. Do not use salt with more than 1% yellow prussiate of soda.

Salt Table: Amount of salt needed to achieve 3000 ppm level in your pool.

Pool Size in Gallons	s/	Salinity (ppm) measured in pool							
(Cubic Meters)		0	500	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500
10,000 (38m³)		250 lbs/ (114 kg)	210 lbs/ (95 kg)	170 lbs/ (76 kg)	125 lbs/ (57 kg)	85 lbs/ (38 kg)	40 lbs/ (19 kg)	0	0
12,000 (45m³)		300 lbs/ (136 kg)	250 lbs/ (114 kg)	200 lbs/ (91 kg)	150 lbs/ (68 kg)	100 lbs/ (45 kg)	50 lbs/ (23 kg)	0	0
14,000 (53m³)		350 lbs/ (159 kg)	290 lbs/ (132 kg)	235 lbs/ (106 kg)	175 lbs/ (79 kg)	120 lbs/ (53 kg)	60 lbs/ (26 kg)	0	0
16,000 (61m³)	***********	400 lbs/ (182 kg)	335 lbs/ (151 kg)	270 lbs/ (121 kg)	200 lbs/ (91 kg)	135 lbs/ (61 kg)	70 lbs/ (30 kg)	0	0
18,000 (68m³)	***************************************	450 lbs/ (204 kg)	375 lbs/ (170 kg)	300 lbs/ (136 kg)	225 lbs/ (102 kg)	150 lbs/ (68 kg)	75 lbs/ (34 kg)	0	0
20,000 (76m³)		500 lbs/ (227 kg)	420 lbs/ (189 kg)	335 lbs/ (151 kg)	250 lbs/ (114 kg)	170 lbs/ (76 kg)	85 lbs/ (38 kg)	0	0

The optimum salt level is between 3000-4000 ppm. Use the chart above to determine the amount of salt for your pool. The column on the left is the amount of water in your pool. The column on the top is the current salt level measured in your pool. Always check your salt level before adding salt to the pool even if this is your first time.

Prior use of liquid chlorine and tablets could have caused an increase in salt levels.

CHLORINE ADJUSTMENT

Adding Salt:

Turn on the pool pump system and add salt directly to the pool. Use a brush to help dissolve the salt quickly. Any pool cleaner can be used to help dissolve the salt as well. Run the pool pump system for 24 hours to make sure salt is properly dissolved. Do not add salt to the skimmer because this could damage the main pool equipment.

Removing salt from the pool:

Salt should not be removed from the pool unless the salinity exceeds 4500 ppm or the salinity of the water is undesirable. The only way to remove salt is by draining the pool and adding fresh water.

POOL SIZE CALCULATION:

Use the following table based on the proper unit of measurement to determine your pool size.

Pool ShapeVolume in Gallons (Units in ft)

RectangularLength x Width x Average Depth x 7.5 cubic feet Circular/RoundDiameter x Diameter x Average Depth x 5.9 cubic feet Oval/EllipticalLength x Width x Average Depth x 6.7 cubic feet

Pool ShapeVolume in Liters (Units in meter)

RectangularLength x Width x Average Depth x 1000 cubic meter Circular/RoundDiameter x Diameter x Average Depth x 785 cubic meter Oval/EllipticalLength x Width x Average Depth x 893 cubic meter

Stabilizer (Cyanuric Acid) Levels:

Cyanuric acid is a critical component to the proper function of the Saltron system. It is very important to check cyanuric acid levels on a regular basis. Cyanuric acid helps prevent the chlorine from being destroyed by the sun rays. Thus, the Saltron will have a longer lifetime. The optimum stabilizer level is 80 ppm. Stabilizer/conditioner is found in liquid or granular form. When adding granular stabilizer to the pool, make sure you give it time to dissolve. Check levels for several days after adding and before adding more.

UNIT MAINTENANCE

Inspecting the Cell:

The cell should be inspected every 3 months. Unplug the Saltron from the GFCI socket. Remove the cover of the cell housing so that the cell is exposed. Push the tab with your finger and remove the cell. Inspect the cell for scaling (white, sugar-like) deposit. If scaling exists, the cell should be cleaned.

Cleaning the cell:

To clean the cell, a bucket or a large cup should be used. The bucket should be filled with 80% water and 20% muriatic acid. NEVER ADD WATER TO ACID, only acid to water. It is recommended to wear safety goggles when handling the acid. Place the entire cell into the bucket for 20 minutes. Remove the cell and dump the water from the bucket into the pool. If the scaling remains, repeat the process. NEVER USE ANY TOOLS TO CLEAN THE SCALE DEPOSIT. This will damage the plates and result in immediate loss of warranty. After the scale is removed, rinse the cell with fresh water. To re-install, replace cell into housing. Replace cover onto base. Replace Saltron cell housing onto the hanger on the pool edge using the snapping mechanism.







Winterizing:

Remove the Saltron cell housing from the pool. It is only necessary to remove it if the temperatures during the winter drop below 32 F (0 C) where you live. Clean the cell before storing the Saltron system indoors. If the housing is not removed from the pool for winterization, freezing water will cause damage to the cell resulting in loss of warranty.

SALTRON RETRO OPERATION MODE AND TROUBLE SHOOTING

	Symptom in power Supply		Possible causes	Solution
	Display	LED		
1	no display	no lights	1 - power outage 2 - fuse burnt 3 – power supply failure	Make sure there is power to the unit. Check and change the fuse if it's burnt. Call customer service
2	" <u> </u> "	no lights	Retro is in rest mode	No action is needed. If you want it to operate immediately, unplug/plug the power or adjust the timer. Both will start the operation right away.
3	"" and Hours (20 by default) alternating	no lights	1 - chlorinator cell is outside the water2 - open circuit in chlorinator cell	Put it back into the water or fill water line halfway up the Retro. Check the wire connections and make sure no cut or broken wire.
4	" LO " and Hours (20 by default) alternating	Yellow light	1 - salt level low 2 - water temperature low 3 - chlorinator cell at its life end	Add more salt to the pool and allow time to dissolve. Don't use Retro if the water temperature is under 65 °F (or 15 °C). Call customer service for replacement.
5	Hours (20 by default)	Green light	normal operation mode	No action is needed.
6	" HI " and Hours (20 by default) alternating	Red light	1 - salt level high 2 - water temperature high	No action is needed. Stop adding salt to water if you are doing so. Using Retro for water temperatures above 100 °F (or 45 °C) such as SPA water is not recommended.
7	"HI"	Red light blinking	1 - salt level too high2 - water temperature too high3 - short circuit in chlorinator cell	You will have to dilute your pool water with fresh water until you reach 3000 ppm salt level. Stop using Retro until water cools down. Check to make sure there is no metal objects caught in between the electrode plates.
8	"8 8" blinking	All lights blinking	Power supply outage	Unplug and plug in the power cord to reset the power supply. If the problem persists, call customer service.
9	Symptom in Pool Water chlorine level is low		Hours set too low	Adjust the hours setting to higher number (the maximum is 24 hours/day). Make sure the cyanuric acid level in your pool is between 50-80 PPM
10	chlorine level is too high		Hours set too high	Adjust the hours setting to lower number (the minimum is 0 hours/day).

